**Country:** Republic of South Sudan

**Agenda Item:** Global Cooperation for Fighting Cyberbullying (UNODC)

**Introduction**

South Sudan, officially the Republic of South Sudan; is a landlocked country in Eastern Africa. It is bordered on the north by Sudan; on the east by Ethiopia; on the south by the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Uganda and Kenya; and on the west by the Central African Republic. South Sudan declared autonomy in 2005 and declared independence from Sudan in 2011. The economy of South Sudan is one of the world's most underdeveloped, with South Sudan having little existing infrastructure and the highest maternal mortality and female illiteracy rates in the world as of 2011.

**Topic and Country Relevance**

As people are slowly converting their communicative and social interactions to online platforms, a new dilemma arises: cyberbullying and it’s effects on the users of the world wide web. About South Sudan’s relevance to the topic, with a literacy percentage of 34.5% for inhabitants over 15, the militant group “Nuer White Army” organizing genocides across the country and an ongoing water crisis, South Sudan is to be least bothered with cyberbullying in the country as there is little to no digitalisation in communication in the country. However, cyberbullying still poses a monumental hindrance to online communication and requires international cooperation for fighting against.

**Solutions and Conclusion**

The United Nations has not passed a specific law against cyberbullying yet. Instead, the UN promotes international cooperation for resolutions against cyberbullying. Online platforms should be required by international law to set up measures about cyberbullying and enforce them in accordance with global regulations. They should be closely monitored by the UN to stop cyberbullying and apply punishments on the person comitting it. Another solution is that online accounts can require personal info like phone number to sign up so violators of any regulations against cyberbullying can be found by law enforcement if the issue persists for a long period of time.

**References**

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