**** **Position Paper for UNHCR**

 Country: Dominion of Canada

Committee: United Nations High Commissioners for Refugees (UNHCR)

Topic: Relocation of Palestinian people amid the Israel- Hamas Conflict

 Third Party Involvement in the Post Conflict Zone.

Canada, the second-largest country in the world and the most ethnically diverse multicultural country in the world, receives large-scale immigration. Canada maintains that the principles of human rights and the protection of vulnerable civilians should be adhered to. It advocates the protection of humanitarian principles and the dignity of displaced refugees and the provision of solutions that prioritize the security rights of Palestinian refugees. Canada has played an important role in helping refugees affected by war throughout history.

The increase in the number of Jews who remained in the British mandate and the Nazi holocaust after the First World War and who previously claimed the task of establishing a 'national homeland' in their paved the way for the establishment of the state of Israel. 19. During the century, Arab nationalism increased in response to the Zionist movement started by Jews to establish a state in Palestine. In 1917, the promise of a 'national homeland' given by Arthur Balfour's proclamation increased tensions. In 1947, the UN proposed to divide Palestine between Jews and Arabs and make Jerusalem an international city. The Jews accepted, but the Arabs did not. In 1948, Israel was founded, and the war began. A large part of the Palestinians were displaced, and the PLO was founded in 1964. In 1993, the Oslo accords were signed. Palestine was officially established between the 1st and 2nd Intifadas, which one created great tension. During the years 2002–2023, the parties continued to experience violent conflicts and intermittent cases of violence. These conflicts, which led to humanitarian crises, are still continuing today.

Canada supports the emergency relief initiative for those affected by conflict and crisis, providing access to basic needs such as health, food, and education. Canada ensures that the special needs of Palestinian refugees, especially vulnerable groups consisting of women, children, and disabled people, are addressed. Canada recognizes the potential of peaceful solutions from third parties and is ready to cooperate with other countries. Canada recognizes that there is an urgent need to ensure human health and life security from this conflict between Israel and Palestine, which dates back to the Decrepit years. Although the dispute between the parties increases the mutual damage, it sustains the purpose of ensuring peace and security in the region. It strives to create a safe and appropriate environment for the resettlement of Palestinians. It knows that permanent solutions are of vital importance for Palestinian refugees and aims to ensure that they have access to services and opportunities that will cover their needs.

 \* Mediation. As a mediator who encourages cooperation and common decrees between the two sides, the foundations of secure relations can be supported and laid.

\* The Palestinian-Israeli problem can be discussed on international platforms, and peaceful efforts can be supported.

\* Basic needs assistance can be provided to refugees; programs can be organized to support this.

\* Networks can be established to inform countries and societies about this issue and direct them to it.

\*Economic development affected by war can be supported and the breakdown of economic stability can be prevented.(both in the war and in the post-war refugee settlement)

\* Cooperation can be made between the countries in order to bring Israel and Palestine to peace.

\* Taking into account the violations of human rights, the rights of Palestinians can be defended, and the support of the international public can be obtained.

As a result, Canada wants and supports the peaceful deconfliction of the conflict between the countries. Open to peaceful cooperation and suggestions. It does not approve of the violation of human rights and emphasizes that the civilian population should not be violated. Ready to strive to ensure that the losses and damages suffered by the vulnerable population group are at a minimum level for both sides.