

Country : Angola

Committee : FA02

Immediately after Angola gained its independence from Portugal in 1975, it experienced a civil war that lasted 27 years, with short pauses.

The official language of Angola is Portuguese. Angola is located on the African Continent, it borders Namibia to the south, Zambia to the east, and the Atlantic Ocean to the west. The capital of Angola is Luanda. Luanda is a natural port city. Coffee and diamonds are of great importance in exporting goods.

The population of Angola is 32 million 80 thousand people. It is one of the youngest populations in the world. The flag in the middle has a yellow toothed wedge and a star. The color red represents the blood shed for independence, and the color black represents the working class, the former and

Child abuse is also very common in Angola. Some belief systems even advocate child abuse; some children are brutally beaten, tortured or even killed. Other forms of child abuse also occur in prison settings. In the vast majority of overcrowded prisons today, children stay in the same cells as adults and are often abused.

In Angola, one in every four children has to work to meet the needs of their family. Although it is prohibited by legislation, many children work in the fields or on fishing boats. In cities, they work as street vendors or servants.

Furthermore, there is a clear need for the implementation of multisectoral, time-critical and life-saving interventions across nutrition, water, sanitation and health, education, and child protection sectors, including gender-based violence services. Currently, UNICEF has partnership agreements with non-governmental organisations including World Vision, MENTOR, PanAfricare, ForAfrika, People in Need (PIN), CUAMM (Doctors with Africa) and ADRA, with whom we implemented key HAC interventions in 2022.

Therefore, we must produce a solution for the children in Angola, based on their families. We believe that the work to be done by increasing family income levels and educating the families first will be correct.

At this point, we as a country need the support of the United Nations.

Reference:

https://www.unicef.org/topics/angolahttps://reliefweb.int/updates?view=reports&gad_source=1&gclid=CjwKCAjwuJ2xBhA3EiwAMVjkVC9ns0-X3Inj3gK1O5NXA9apumqm22dCiGNKAOuKAogdHg03tTg0AxoC8NsQAvD_BwE

id=CjwKCAjwuJ2xBhA3EiwAMVjkVC9ns0-

X3Inj3gK1O5NXA9apumqm22dCiGNKAOuKAogdHg03tTg0AxoC8NsQAvD_BwE