

Country: Estonia

Committee: Disarmament and International Security Committee (DISEC)

Agenda item: The Russia-Ukraine

War and the Use of Weapons in International Law

The Republic of Estonia is a country by the Baltic Sea, bordered to the north by the Gulf of Finland across from Finland. Estonia covers an area of 45,335 square kilometres. Agriculture, fishery and forestry are some of Estonia's traditional sectors. Estonia also ranks as one of the top-performing countries in education, among European nations. Being a baltic country, Estonia was once a part of the Soviet Union.

Began in February 2020, The Russia-Ukraine war is one of the most significant armed conflicts recently, since World War 2. The causes of the conflict go back to the dissolution of the Soviet Union in 1991. Ukraine declared their independence, and developed relations with Western institutions such as NATO and the European Union since then. However, Russia viewed this as a threat to its presence. Because of that, the war is framed as a defensive precaution within Russia's view. As for Ukraine, sees the war as an aggressive act aimed at undermining its unity as a nation. Some countries condemned Russia's actions and supported Ukraine, while some countries did the opposite. However, Many countries in the Global South have called for neutrality.

Estonia thinks that the UN should discuss about solutions to the conflict, developing ideas aiming to put an end to the war without furthermore economical and physical damage being done, both for the two nations and the civilians. Estonia thinks that the UN countries should state their ideas and solutions in order to find a peaceful solution.

REFERENCES:

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Estonia>

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dissolution_of_the_Soviet_Union