**Country :** United Kingdom
**Agenda Item :The Global Health Impacts of Climate Change and Mitigation Strategies**

**Introduction and Background Information**

The United Kingdom, located in Northwestern Europe, is a highly developed country with a diverse and multicultural population. Its economy is driven by sectors such as finance, technology, and manufacturing, alongside significant investments in healthcare and education. The UK is well-known for its National Health Service (NHS), which provides comprehensive services to all residents. Health and education are priorities for the country, and the UK plays a leading role in global research and development. As a nation affected by climate change through rising temperatures and flooding, the UK places great importance on addressing the health impacts of environmental changes both domestically and globally.

**Detailed Context of the Agenda Item**

Climate change is one of the greatest threats to global health, as highlighted by the World Health Organization (WHO). Extreme weather events, vector-borne diseases, and resource scarcity directly affect public health and quality of life. Historically, the WHO has worked closely with the UN to tackle these challenges through initiatives such as the **Paris Agreement** and the **2030 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)**. The United Kingdom has played a key role in advancing global climate policies, including its leadership during the **COP26 Climate Change Conference**. Past UN resolutions on climate and health have emphasized the importance of international collaboration, which aligns with the UK’s approach to these interconnected issues.

**Proposed Solutions**

The United Kingdom proposes that the UN enhance funding for climate and health adaptation projects, strengthen global disease surveillance systems, and promote technology sharing among nations. The UK emphasizes the importance of aligning health policies with the SDGs and calls on the WHO to lead coordinated efforts to address health disparities caused by climate change.

Addressing the health impacts of climate change requires a unified global response led by organizations like the WHO and supported by countries such as the United Kingdom. By integrating climate resilience into healthcare systems, promoting international collaboration, and adopting sustainable practices, we can mitigate risks to global health. The UK’s commitment to net-zero emissions through the NHS provides a model for other nations, while WHO’s leadership ensures that vulnerable populations are prioritized. Together, these efforts can align health and climate goals, paving the way for a more sustainable and equitable future.

**REFERENCES:**

* World Health Organization (WHO) reports on climate change and health.
* UK Government’s Net Zero Strategy and NHS Greener Programme.
* UN Sustainable Development Goals related to health and climate action.