

Committee: UNFPA

Topic: Global Health Strategies For Combating Infant/Child Mortality

The United States of America was founded in 1776 after gaining independence from the U.K. The U.S. has 50 states and 1 capital, Washington, D.C. The U.S. has a strong economy with important sectors including technology, services, and manufacturing, and plays a leading role in global politics, business, and culture.

The U.S. is one of the major parties involved in supporting UNFPA. The U.S. plays an important role in global reproductive health, gender equality, and population issues through its support of UNFPA. The U.S. works with health policies, especially in developing nations. The U.S. supports global efforts through organizations like USAID, UNICEF, and WHO. The U.S. focuses on improving healthcare access, nutrition, and clean water, along with promoting maternal health and the U.S fights with gender inequality and tries to reduce abortions to their goals. The U.S. tries to reduce abortions by stopping giving support to places like abortion clinics. The U.S. also tries to overcome gender inequality through laws, along with policies that support workplace equality, reproductive rights, and education.

The U.S. promotes better health systems, skilled healthcare workers, and policies that work to reduce child mortality, especially in underprivileged regions and the U.S suggests and works to reduce abortions as well. The U.S also suggests supporting other countries in the future by doing the same things they did to improve their own country.

Resources: <https://www.unfpa.org>, <https://www.wikipedia.org>, <https://www.guttmacher.org>, <https://www.wikipedia.org/> and <https://www.usaid.gov>.